





## Cloud Computing (III) an Overview of the Contrail Project


SPD Course  
19-20/05/2011  
Massimo Coppola





## Cloud Computing: Overview of the Contrail Project Vision

Adapted from a presentation by Christine Morin, INRIA  
Contrail Project Coordinator



contrail is co-funded by the EC 7th  
Framework Programme under Grant  
Agreement nr. 257438

2

<http://contrail-project.eu>

## Contrail Partners













## Contrail Consortium

Country/Partner	Research	SME	Industry
France	INRIA	EBM WebSourcing	
Germany	ZIB		
Italy	CNR		Tiscali
			HP-IIC
the Netherlands	VUA		GENIAS
			XLAB
Slovenia			
United Kingdom	SFTC		CONST

4

## Distributed Computing Infrastructures

The diagram illustrates three types of distributed computing infrastructures. On the left, 'Non virtualized computing infrastructure' is shown as a row of server racks. In the center, a 'Public cloud' is depicted as a blue cloud containing server and storage icons. On the right, a 'Private cloud' is shown as a green cloud with server and storage icons. A small '5' is in the bottom right corner, and the 'contrail-project.eu' logo is at the bottom right.

## Non-virtualized

The diagram shows 'Non virtualized computing infrastructure' as a row of server racks. A small '6' is in the bottom right corner, and the 'contrail-project.eu' logo is at the bottom right.

- The user buys its own infrastructure
- Sized to withstand usage peaks
- Design, configuration, management, maintenance burdens are on the owner = the user
- Hard to share the costs / exploit the investment

Main reasons behind the concept of Virtual Organization

## Public Cloud

The diagram shows a 'Public cloud' as a blue cloud containing server and storage icons. A small '7' is in the bottom right corner, and the 'contrail-project.eu' logo is at the bottom right.

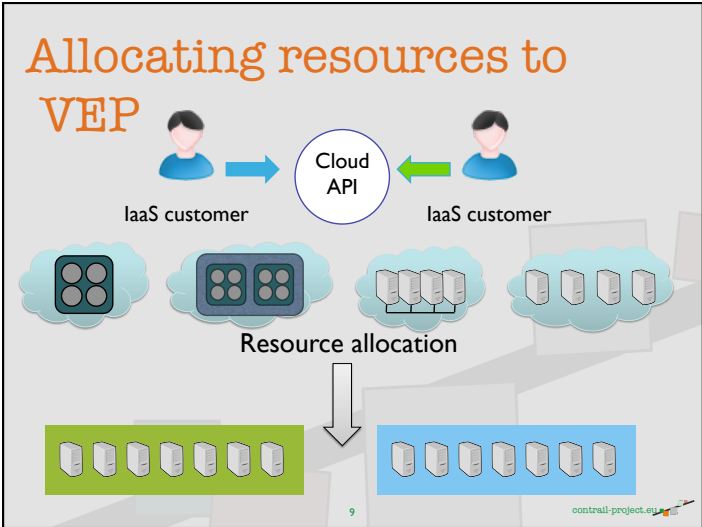
- The user buys IaaS : infrastructure is rented
- Flexibly sizeable → low initial cost to start up an ITC service
- Only the design and configuration of the set of virtual resources supporting the application are on the user
- HW investment easily exploited

VM enabled selling computation:  
app. configuration is on the user, +flexibility  
HW management is on the owner, +security and availability

## Virtual Execution Platform

The diagram shows an 'IaaS customer' (represented by a person icon) interacting with four levels of virtual execution platforms. A small '8' is in the bottom right corner, and the 'contrail-project.eu' logo is at the bottom right.

- processor**: A number of cores in the same processor (represented by a 2x2 grid of circles)
- multiprocessor**: A number of cores in the same PC (represented by a 2x2 grid of server icons)
- cluster**: A number of cores in the same site (represented by a row of four server icons)
- grid**: A number of cores whatever the location (represented by a row of four server icons)



### Private Cloud

- The user buys its own infrastructure (initial cost, planning issues)
- HW management is separated by application management
- Internal Elasticity
- Easier option to Cloudburst

Intermediate solution  
 Good for large users who have several independent sub-users working  
 Easier to reconfigure  
 Clod infrastructure eases merging in new resources

### Classifying Clouds

#### App Model for Utility Computing

Amazon EC2	Windows Azure	Google AppEngine	Something New
Close to Physical Hardware	.NET and CLR... ASP.NET Support	App Specific Traditional Web App Model	???
User Controls Most of Stack	More Constraints on User Stack	Constrained Stateless/Stateful Tiers	???
Hard to Auto Scale and Failover	Auto Provisioning of Stateless App	Auto Scaling and Auto High-Availability	???

Constraints on App Model Offer Tradeoffs... Lots of Ongoing Innovation...

← Lower-level, Less managed "flexibility/portability" | Higher-level, More managed "more built-in functionality" →

- Instruction Set VM (Amazon EC2, 3Tera)
- Managed runtime VM (Microsoft Azure)
- Framework VM (Google AppEngine, Force.com)

### Contrail Objectives

- Design, implement, validate and promote an **open source software stack for cloud federations**
  - Develop a comprehensive Cloud **platform integrating a full IaaS and PaaS offer**
  - Allow Cloud providers to **seamlessly integrate resources from other Clouds** with their own infrastructure
  - Provide **trusted Clouds** by advanced SLA management
  - **Break the current customer lock-in** situation by allowing live application migration from one cloud to another

## Integrated IaaS & PaaS in Open Source

**PaaS**  
Scalability & dependable performance

Runtimes for elastic applications

High level storage services

IaaS

Contrail: an open source technology for private, public clouds 

## Contrail IaaS

- Processor, network and storage virtualization
- Virtual Execution Platform (VEP)
- Virtual Infrastructure Network (VIN)
- Global Autonomous File System (GAFS)
- Advanced resource allocation strategies for VEP

14



## Contrail PaaS: ConPaaS

- Application runtimes
- Elastic web services
- Map/reduce
- Bag of tasks
- Database as a Service
  - SQL & non SQL storage services based on Scalarix

15

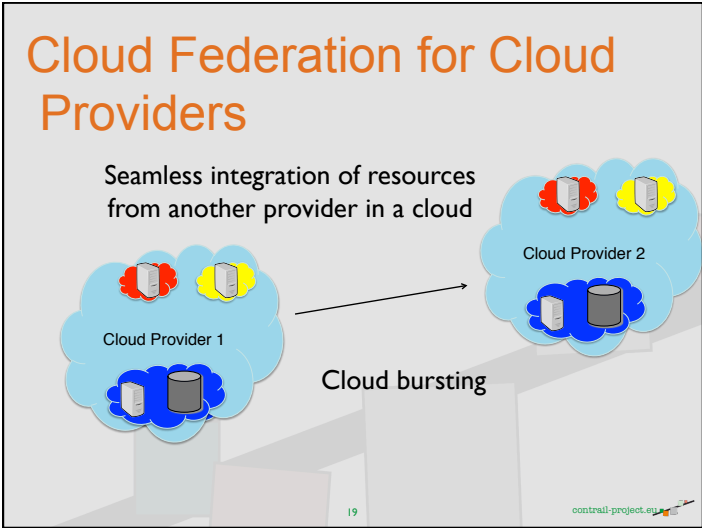
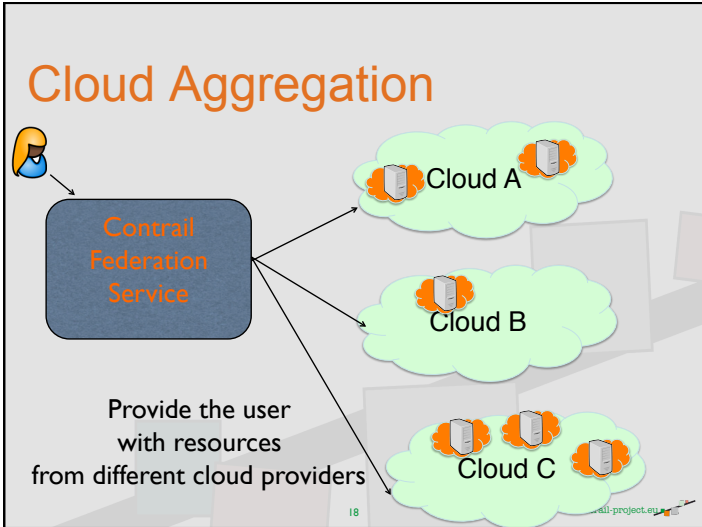
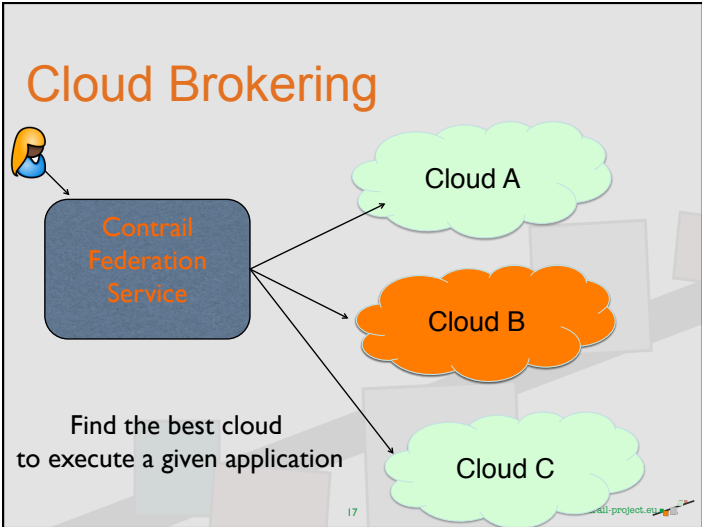


## Cloud Federations

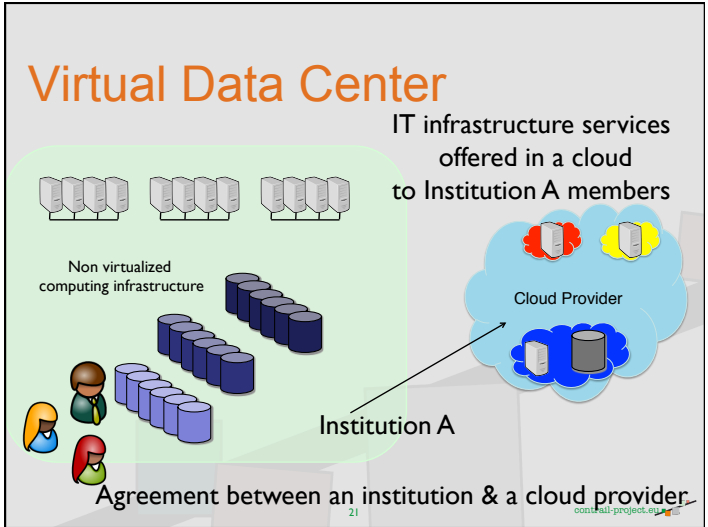
- Cloud federation for users
- Cloud brokering
- Cloud aggregation
- Cloud federation for providers
- Cloud bursting

16



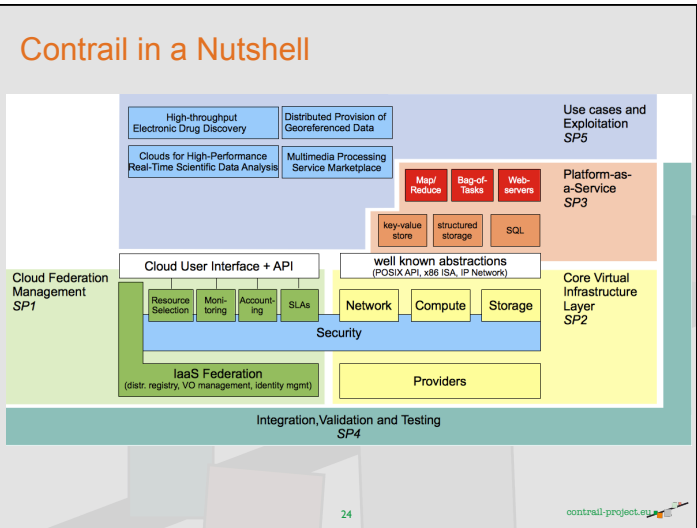


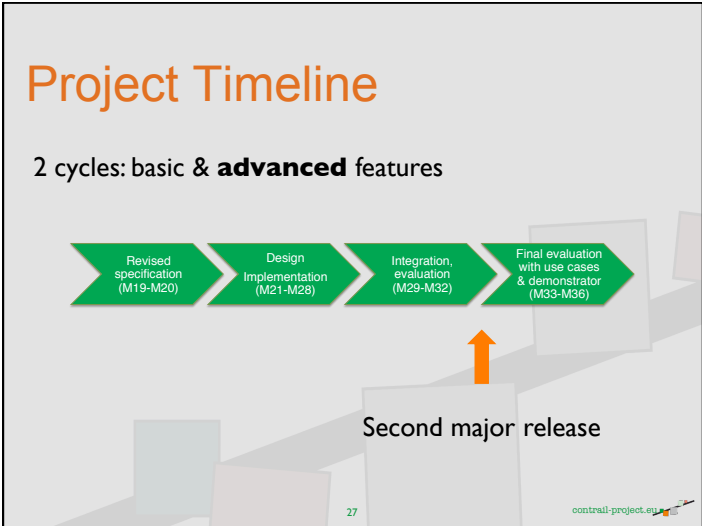
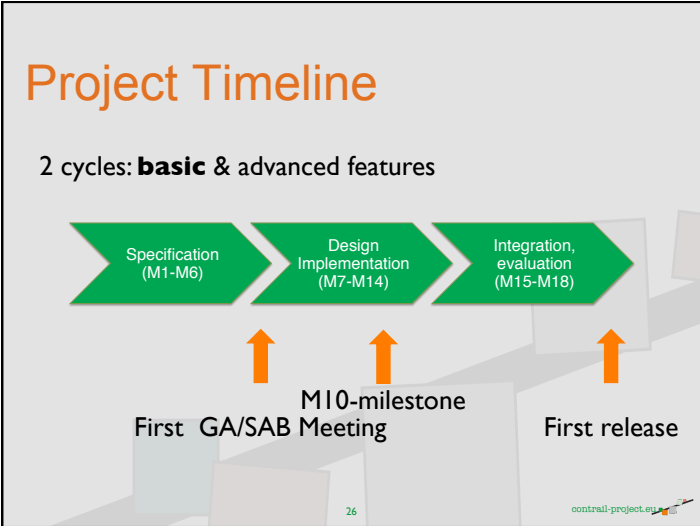
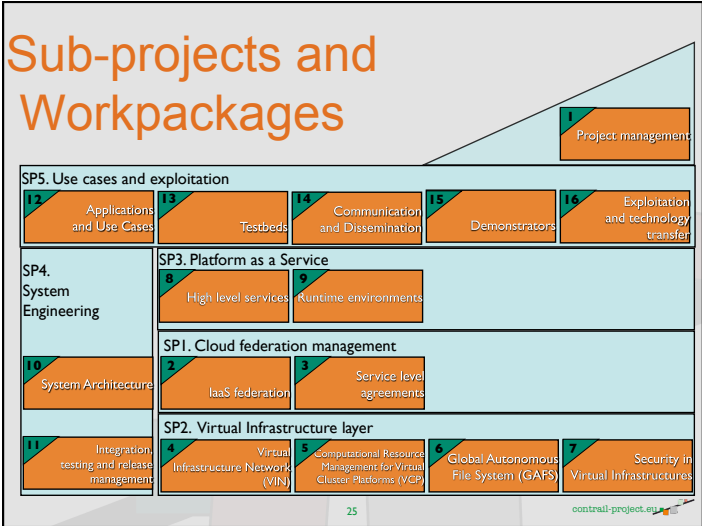
- ### Cooperation over Clouds
- Resources, services shared by user communities using clouds as computing infrastructure
  - Members of an institution
  - Virtual data center
  - Members of a virtual organization
  - Grid computing over clouds
- 20
- contrail-project.eu



- ## Contrail: Bringing Trust in Clouds
- Advanced SLA management
  - QoS enforcement, monitoring
  - Quality of Protection
  - Data privacy, location
  - Cloud security
  - Dependable application execution on top of clouds and cloud federations
- 22
- contrail-project.eu

- ## Contrail Software
- Leverage existing open source software
  - SLA@SOI – framework for SLA management
  - OpenNebula – IaaS
  - XtremFS – wide-area distributed file system
  - Scalarix – scalable key value store
  - Rely on cloud standards
  - Participate in standardization groups
  - Interoperate with other cloud technologies
  - Federate Contrail & non Contrail clouds
- 23
- contrail-project.eu





contrail  
open computing infrastructures for elastic services

contrail is co-funded by the EC 7th Framework Programme

Funded under: FP7 (Seventh Framework Programme)  
 Area: Internet of Services, Software & virtualization (ICT-2009.1.2)  
 Project reference: 257438  
 Total cost: 11,29 million euro  
 EU contribution: 8,3 million euro  
 Execution: From 2010-10-01 till 2013-09-30  
 Duration: 36 months  
 Contract type: Collaborative project (generic)

28 [contrail-project.eu](http://contrail-project.eu)

