Programming for Data Science (22/03/2024)

Upload the solutions to the programming exercices to the following link:

https://evo.di.unipi.it/student/courses/16/exams/AvN2zAv

Exercise 1. (Math, solve the exercise on paper)

- A. What is the decimal expansion of the number with octal expansion (111)₈?
- B. What is the binary expansion of integer (32)₁₀ ?
- C. Suppose you have a deck of 52 playing cards, each representing one of the four standard suits (hearts, diamonds, clubs, spades) and one of 13 values. You randomly select some cards from the deck.
 - a. How many cards should be selected so that there are at least two cards of the same suit?
 - b. How many cards should be selected so that there are at least two cards of the same value?
- D. Consider a set A={1,2,3,4,5} and relation R on AxA defined as follows: R={(x,y) | x,y∈A and x+y is even}. Determine whether R is reflexive, symmetric, antisymmetric, transitive.

Exercise 2. (Python) Consider the itemset collection $D = \{ \{A,B,D,E\}, \{B,C,E\}, \dots \}$:

and the equivalence relation θ defined as follows: let X and Y itemsets, X θ Y iff cover(X) = cover(Y), where -cover(X) = { t \in D | X \subseteq t }.

Implement the following functions:

- cover function
- 2. **theta** equivalence relation θ
- 3. longest itemset in their class of equivalence

Examples:

- Cover({A,C}) = { {A,B,C,E}, {A,B,C,D,E} }
- {A,C} θ {A,C,E} and {A,C} θ {A,B,C,E}.
- Longest({A,C}) = {A,B,C,D,E}

Exercise 3. (C) Write a C program that implements basic operations on a single linked list using dynamic memory allocation. Implement the following functionalities:

- 1. **Node Structure**: Define a structure Node to represent a node in the linked list. Each node should contain an integer data value and a pointer to the next node.
- 2. **Linked List Creation**: Implement a function to create a linked list by adding nodes dynamically. Allow users to input the data values for each node until they choose to stop.
- 3. **Linked List Add Node**: Implement two functions to add a node in the linked list. <u>The list should be sorted</u>, i.e., a node should be added in the right position of the list.
 - a. Using an iterative approach
 - b. Using a recursive approach
- 4. Linked List Length: Implement two functions to calculate the length of the linked list (number of nodes):
 - a. Using an iterative approach
 - b. Using a recursive approach
- 5. Linked List Print: print the content of the nodes in the linked list.

Ensure proper memory management by freeing dynamically allocated memory after use.

